

**FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY,
CALIFORNIA**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TOGETHER WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2025**

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FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Annual Financial Report
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Table of Contents

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
List of Officials	i
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report.....	1-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	5-10
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Fund:	
Balance Sheet.....	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide	
Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Government-Wide	
Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities.....	16
Notes to Basic Financial Statements.....	17-26
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited):	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	27
Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedule	28
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of First 5 California (F5CA) Funding.....	29
OTHER REPORTS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed	
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	30-31
Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance and Internal Control over Compliance.....	32-34

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- **List of Officials**

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FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
List of Officials
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Board of Commissioners

Dwight Ceresola

Acting Chair

Brenda Poteete

Treasurer

Melissa Smith

Member

Ashley Simpson

Member

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FINANCIAL SECTION

- **Independent Auditor's Report**
- **Management's Discussion and Analysis**
- **Basic Financial Statements**
- **Required Supplementary Information**
- **Supplementary Information**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners
First 5 Plumas County
Quincy, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of First 5 Plumas County, California (Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Commission as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

To the Board of Commissioners
First 5 Plumas County
Quincy, California

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

To the Board of Commissioners
First 5 Plumas County
Quincy, California

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtain during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The Schedule of First 5 California (F5CA) Funding is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

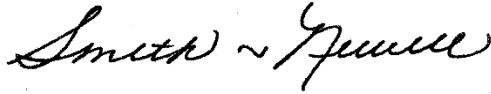
Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

To the Board of Commissioners
First 5 Plumas County
Quincy, California

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2025, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Smith & Newell", written in a cursive style.

Smith & Newell CPAs
Yuba City, California
September 30, 2025

Management's Discussion and Analysis
(Unaudited)

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In November 1998, voters passed Proposition 10, a statewide ballot initiative to add surtax to tobacco products. The monies collected are to be used to fund programs that promote early childhood development, from prenatal to age five. The intent is for all California children to be healthy, to live in a healthy and supportive family environment, and to enter school ready to learn. All revenue generated by Proposition 10 is collected in the California Children and Families Trust Fund Account, which is set up within the State Treasury. Allocations to each county are based on the number of births, according to the birth mother's county of residence. Due to the small number of births in California's twenty-one smallest counties, including Plumas, First 5 California provides additional funding so that each county commission can adequately conduct Proposition 10 administrative, evaluation and program functions.

The Commission consists of nine members, who are appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. Three members are considered mandated members, comprised of representatives of the County Health Agency, Social Services Agency, and Board of Supervisors. Other members are considered At-Large and represent parents, early childhood educators and children and families service providers. Each Commissioner serves a three-year term and may be reappointed to subsequent terms. The Commission currently has five vacant positions. The Commission's Acting Chairperson is currently held by Board of Supervisor, Dwight Ceresola.

Related Party Transactions

The Commission contracts with the County of Plumas to provide accounting, banking and investment, purchasing, risk management and other administrative services. The Commission incurred expenses totaling \$39,756 for all County services provided during the year ending June 30, 2025.

Impact of State Legislation Affecting State and County Children and Families Commissions

Two bills, Senate Bill 35 and Assembly Bill 109, were passed in September 2005 by the California State Legislature that impacted the fiscal and managerial operations of the state and county children and families commissions. SB 35 expands the requirements for commission annual financial audits and internal quality control functions. AB 109 requires commissions to adopt formal policies regarding conflict-of-interest regulations for commissioners, for contracting and purchasing operations, to require the establishment of limits by percentage that each commission can spend for administrative functions, and to establish standards for salaries and benefits for commission employees. First 5 Plumas County Commission, Executive Director and County Counsel closely followed the developments of this legislation and the entire expanded audit requirements were fully implemented by June 30, 2006.

On June 8, 2011, the Commission adopted Fund Balance Policy and Procedures in response to the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 54, which establishes a hierarchy clarifying the constraints that govern how a government entity can use the amounts reported as fund balance. GASB 54 establishes the following fund balance classifications: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. The Commission's fund balances for all major governmental funds as of June 30, 2025, can be found on page 25 of this Independent Auditor's Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2025.

**First 5 Plumas County
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

Plumas County Ordinance

First 5 Plumas County adopted policies and practices to assure that it is adhering to the Plumas County Ordinance No 98-908 which established the Commission and the Plumas County Children and Families Trust Fund in 1999.

First 5 Plumas County has complied with each of the following components of Plumas County Ordinance No. 98-908:

- All nine (four current members) Commission members were appointed by the Plumas County Board of Supervisors.
- Members of the Commission were not compensated for their services. Members are reimbursed for travel and lodging in accordance with the Commission's Bylaws.
- April 7, 2025, the Commission conducted a Public Hearing, Annual Review and Adoption of an adequate and complete Strategic Plan. The Strategic Plan was updated throughout fiscal year 2019-2020 and adopted for the five-year period from 2020 through June 30, 2025. The Strategic Plan was then sent to First 5 California via electronic PDF format as required in April 2020.
- Commission measured and reported the outcomes of its funded programs on a biannual basis, a mid-year report in April 2025 and the final report will be presented in October 2025. All of the Commission's evaluation reports can be accessed on the web site: www.first5plumas.org.
- Commission conducted a Public Hearing on the State Commission's Annual Report FY 2023-2024 on April 7, 2025.
- Commission conducted a Public Hearing and adopted its Annual Report/Audit FY 2023-2024 on October 21, 2024.
- Commission conducted a Public Hearing prior to the adoption of the FY 2024-2025 budget on June 3, 2024.
- Commission adopted policies, consistent with state and local law, on the conflicts of interest of its Commission members and personnel policies on April 12, 2006.
- Commission re-adopted the Memorandum of Understanding between the Commission and the County of Plumas on June 3, 2019.

As management of First 5 Plumas County, we offer readers this overview of First 5 Plumas County's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

Overview of the Financial Statements

First 5 Plumas County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**First 5 Plumas County
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. First 5 Plumas County, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Fund financial statements report essentially the same functions as those reported in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between the governmental fund and government wide statements.

Within the fund balance there are committed and uncommitted funds. Recordation of committed and uncommitted funds is done in accordance with the definition of these two funds approved by First 5 California.

The fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 16 of this report.

The Commission adopts an annual combined budget for the Program, Administrative, and Evaluation expenditures. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget and can be found on page 27 of this report.

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. GASB 54 alters the focus and terminology to be used for fund balance reporting. GASB No. 54 compliance can be found on page 25 of this report. The Commission receives a GASB No. 54 Fund Balance Report in June annually and more often when appropriate.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 26 of this report.

**First 5 Plumas County
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

Governmental-Wide Financial Analysis

The Commission presents its financial statements under the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) - for State and Local Governments.

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Following is a summary of the Net Position as of June 30, 2025.

	<u>FY 2024/2025</u>	<u>FY 2023/2024</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 839,999</u>	<u>\$ 744,217</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>86,877</u>	<u>41,713</u>
Net Position:		
Restricted	<u>753,122</u>	<u>702,504</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 753,122</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 702,504</u></u>

Financial Analysis of the Commission's Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with funding requirements.

Following is a summary comparison of prior year to current year balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance:

	<u>FY 2024/2025</u>	<u>FY 2023/2024</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 839,999</u>	<u>\$ 744,217</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>86,877</u>	<u>41,713</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>122,719</u>	<u>121,693</u>
Total Fund Balance	<u>630,403</u>	<u>580,811</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u><u>\$ 839,999</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 744,217</u></u>
	<u>FY 2024/2025</u>	<u>FY 2023/2024</u>
Revenues	<u>\$ 571,004</u>	<u>\$ 609,947</u>
Expenditures	<u>521,412</u>	<u>482,451</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>49,592</u>	<u>127,496</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>580,811</u>	<u>453,315</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	<u><u>\$ 630,403</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 580,811</u></u>

At the end of the current fiscal year, First 5 Plumas County reported an ending fund balance of \$630,403, an increase of \$49,592 from the prior year.

**First 5 Plumas County
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

The Commission adopted an Administrative Cost Policy on May 10, 2006. Based on an analysis of the Commission's spending needs and best practice in government finance, the initial limit percentage of the annual operating budget that may be spent on administrative functions was a range of 16.0% - 20.0%. Due to the loss of state matching fund revenue, on June 8, 2011, the Commission adopted an increase that can be spent on administrative functions to 25%.

In Fiscal Year 2024-2025, First 5 Plumas County approved funding programs and services totaling \$520,785. The Commission funds strategies that further the four state-identified result areas: improved family functioning, improved child development, improved health, and improved systems of care. All funded programs were intended to achieve one or more of the four result areas as set forth in first 5 Plumas County's Strategic Plan. The distribution of funding that was awarded to 4 projects in the four focus areas is represented below. Proposition 10 funds awarded to these projects were not used to replace or supplant activities funded through existing resources.

The Commission's Proposition 10 funded service programs are as follows: 1) Plumas County Public Health Agency – \$100,000, 2) Plumas Unified School District – Early Intervention – \$20,000, 3) Roundhouse Council – \$30,000, and 4) Impact coordination – \$91,568. Due to AB5, the California bill that Governor Gavin Newsom signed into law on September 18, 2019, the Commission's contracted Early Care/Education Specialist became a First 5 Plumas employee in January 2020. AB5 codifies the ABC test for an employee versus an independent contractor classification.

Budgetary Highlights

One hundred percent of the total program budget for fiscal year 2024-2025 in the amount of \$521,412 was spent.

Beyond FY 2024-2025

Revenue for FY 2025-2026 is projected at \$448,418, which includes program funding allocation for home visitation services, parent education, and home visiting support services for families with children ages 0-5.

On June 2, 2025, the First 5 Plumas County Commission completed its public annual review and update of its Long Term (5-year) Financial Plan. Management provides the Commission as well as members of the Public two opportunities, one in May and one in June of each fiscal year to provide input on the Commission's budget.

All service agreement contracts are reviewed and renewed by the Commission on an annual basis. Service contracts are renewed on the basis of the evaluation of the program's outcomes.

Small County Augmentation: First 5 California (F5CA) provides annual augmentation support of small county operations, in recognition that small counties must use a proportionately greater share of their tax revenues to provide basic operations, including administrative services, planning, outreach, and evaluation. On January 28, 2021, F5CA approved a 4.25-year funding in the amount of 20 million for California's twenty smallest commissions. First 5 Plumas will receive an amount not-to-exceed \$1,037,580, with the funding round ending June 30, 2025. A one-year extension was provided for 2025-2026.

The plan recognizes that First 5 Plumas County will continue to explore leveraging opportunities to maximize Proposition 10 funding and will continue to promote linkages and integrated services that will lead to self-sufficiency in future years.

**First 5 Plumas County
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

Since 2008, the Commission has partnered with the Public Health Agency to leverage Medical Administrative Activities (MAA) funds. First 5 Plumas County Commission received \$17,625 in MAA funding in the fiscal year 2024-2025. The First 5 Executive Director participates in the Plumas County MAA program and the Commission anticipates there will be additional annual MAA revenues.

In 2015-2016 the Commission was approved to participate in IMPACT (Improve and Maximize Programs so All Children Thrive). The First 5 California initiative is an approach with a goal of helping children ages 0-5 and their families thrive by increasing the number of high-quality early learning settings. IMPACT is a reimbursable program and the State Commission has approved regional funding in a contract with First 5 Shasta for IMPACT Legacy funding until June 30, 2026. First 5 Plumas was awarded \$92,104, for 2025-2026, with \$70,661 from IMPACT and \$21,443 from QCC funds.

Requests for Information

The financial statement report is designed to provide a general overview of First 5 Plumas County's finances for all those interested. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to First 5 Plumas County, 270 County Hospital Drive Suite 206, Quincy, California 95971.

Basic Financial Statements

- **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

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FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2025

	<u>Total Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 701,675
Receivables:	
Intergovernmental	138,324
Capital assets:	
Depreciable, net	<u>-</u>
Total capital assets	<u>-</u>
Total Assets	<u>839,999</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	80,693
Salaries and benefits payable	<u>6,184</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>86,877</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted	<u>753,122</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 753,122</u></u>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 521,412	\$ -	\$ 542,553	\$ -	\$ 21,141
Total Governmental Activities	521,412	-	542,553	-	21,141
Total	\$ 521,412	\$ -	\$ 542,553	\$ -	21,141
General revenues:					
Interest and investment earnings					25,946
Miscellaneous					3,531
Total General Revenues					29,477
Change in Net Position					50,618
Net Position - Beginning					702,504
Net Position - Ending					\$ 753,122

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Basic Financial Statements

- **Fund Financial Statements**

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FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Balance Sheet
Governmental Fund
June 30, 2025

	<u>General</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 701,675
Receivables:	
Intergovernmental	<u>138,324</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>\$ 839,999</u></u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 80,693
Salaries and benefits payable	<u>6,184</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>86,877</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unavailable revenue	<u>122,719</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>122,719</u>
FUND BALANCE	
Committed	203,470
Assigned	<u>426,933</u>
Total Fund Balance	<u>630,403</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	<u><u>\$ 839,999</u></u>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance
Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of
Net Position - Governmental Activities
June 30, 2025

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$ 630,403
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenues in the governmental fund.	<u>122,719</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ 753,122</u></u>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>General</u>
REVENUES	
Intergovernmental revenues:	
Proposition 10 apportionment	\$ 41,386
Proposition 10 administration augmentation	269,471
Proposition 10 IMPACT	71,250
Proposition 10 CECET	1,055
Proposition 10 SMIF	562
Proposition 56	17,625
Medi-cal administrative activities	14,146
Home visit regional technical assistance	53,496
Preschool development grant	1,933
QCC block grant	67,436
CSSP block grant	3,167
Use of money and property	25,946
Other revenues	3,531
Total Revenues	571,004
EXPENDITURES	
Current general government:	
Administration:	
Salaries and benefits	37,797
Communications	220
Insurance	12,392
Memberships	4,075
Office expenses	500
Professional services	16,000
Travel	1,835
Program Activity:	
Salaries and benefits	95,097
Professional services	318,002
Travel	109
Outreach	8,760
Evaluation:	
Salaries and benefits	18,125
Professional services	8,500
Total Expenditures	521,412
Net Change in Fund Balance	49,592
Fund Balance - Beginning	580,811
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 630,403

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the
Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$ 49,592
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities will not be collected for several months after the Commission's year end and do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental fund.	
Change in unavailable revenues	<u>1,026</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ 50,618</u></u>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Basic Financial Statements

- **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

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FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

First 5 Plumas County (the Commission) was established by the Plumas County Board of Supervisors through adoption of Ordinance No. 98-908 on December 15, 1998, pursuant to Proposition 10, the California Children and Families Act of 1998 and amended by Ordinance No. 06-1051 on September 12, 2006. The purpose of the Commission is to develop a strategic plan describing programs, services, and projects to promote, support, and improve the early development of children. The Commission is funded by a tax of fifty (50) cents per pack on cigarettes and by a similar tax on other tobacco products. The Plumas County Public Health Agency acts as an administrative agent to the Commission. The original Commission consisted of five voting members. On April 4, 2000, Ordinance No. 00-929 amended the Commission's members from five to nine (five vacancies).

Component Units

Generally accepted accounting principles require government financial statements to include the primary government and its component units. Component units of a governmental entity are legally separate entities for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the combined financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is considered to be financially accountable if it appoints a majority of an organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

Based on the application of the criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, management has determined that there are no component units of the Commission.

Related Organizations

The County of Plumas appoints one member to the Board of Commissioners and performs accounting functions for the Commission. However, the County is not financially accountable for this organization and therefore the Commission is not a component unit under Statement Nos. 14, 39, and 61 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information on all the activities of the Commission. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Commission. These statements report the governmental activities of the Commission, which are normally supported by intergovernmental revenues. The Commission had no business-type activities at June 30, 2025.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Commission's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the program, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are presented instead as general revenues.

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Commission are organized into one fund, which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The fund of the Commission is organized into the governmental category and treated as a major fund.

The Commission reports the following major governmental fund:

- The General fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures related to basic governmental activities of the Commission.

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Commission gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Under the accrual basis, revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Interest and intergovernmental revenues are considered susceptible to accrual and are accrued when their receipt occurs within thirty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

D. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

Non-current governmental assets and liabilities, such as capital assets and long-term liabilities, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

E. Investments

The Commission pools all cash and investments with the County of Plumas. The Plumas County Treasury is an external investment pool for the Commission and the Commission is considered an involuntary participant. The Commission's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments.

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Investments (Continued)

Participant's equity in the investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is determined on an amortized cost basis. Interest payments, accrued interest, accreted discounts, amortized premiums, and realized capital gains and losses, net of administrative fees, are apportioned to pool participants every quarter. This method differs from the fair value method used to value investments in these financial statements as unrealized gains or losses are not apportioned to pool participants.

F. Receivables

Receivables for governmental activities consist mainly of Proposition 10 related revenues. Management believes its receivables are fully collectible and, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

G. Inventory

Inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time inventory is purchased rather than when consumed. Records are not maintained of inventory and supplies on hand, although these amounts are not considered material.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Commission as an asset with a cost of more than \$5,000. Capital assets are valued at historical or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is unavailable. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives in the government-wide financial statements. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

<u>Depreciable Asset</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Equipment	3 to 25 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Compensated Absences, Pension Benefits, and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The Commission's policy regarding compensated absences is to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, leave is recognized when it is attributable to services already rendered, the leave accumulates, and the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Management evaluates sick leave for other Commission employees to determine the amount that is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. In the government-wide financial statements, the accrued compensated absences is recorded as an expense and related liability, with the current portion estimated based on historical trends. In the governmental fund financial statements, the expenditures and liabilities related to those obligations are recognized only when they mature. The Commission includes its share of payroll taxes payable on behalf of the employees in the accrual for compensated absences. At June 30, 2025, the compensated absences payable was \$0.

The Commission does not currently provide pension benefits or any other postemployment benefits.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At June 30, 2025, the Commission did not have any deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental fund reports unavailable revenues for receivables that have not been received within the modified accrual period. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

L. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements have been implemented, if applicable, in the current financial statements.

Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures. The objective of this statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about its risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints.

N. Future Accounting Pronouncements

The following GASB Statements will be implemented, if applicable, in future financial statements:

Statement No. 103 "Financial Reporting Model Improvements" The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. (FY 25/26)

Statement No. 104 "Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets" The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. (FY 25/26)

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Financial Statement Presentation

As of June 30, 2025, the Commission's cash and investments consisted of the following:

Cash and Investments:	
Plumas County Treasurer's Pool	\$ 701,675
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 701,675</u>

B. Investments

The Commission does not have a formal investment policy. At June 30, 2025, all investments of the Commission were in the County of Plumas investment pool. Under the provisions of the County's investment policy and the California Government Code, the County may invest or deposit in the following:

- U.S. Treasuries and Agencies
- Bankers' Acceptances
- Commercial Paper
- Medium Term Corporate Notes
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- Repurchase Agreements
- Time Certificates of Deposit
- Shares of Beneficial Interest
- Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)
- California Asset Management Program (CAMP)

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Fair Value of Investments - The Commission measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs

The Commission's position in external investment pools is in itself regarded as a type of investment and looking through to the underlying investments of the pool is not appropriate. Therefore, the Commission's investment in external investment pools is not recognized in the three-tiered fair value hierarchy described above.

At June 30, 2025, the Commission had the following recurring fair value measurements:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Fair Value Measurements Using</u>		
		<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>
Investments by Fair Value Level				
None	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Investments in External Investment Pool				
Plumas County Treasurer's Pool	<u>701,675</u>			
Total Investments	<u>\$ 701,675</u>			

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk of loss due to the fair value of an investment falling due to interest rates rising. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. To limit exposure to fair value losses resulting from increases in interest rates, the County's investment policy limits investment maturities to a term appropriate to the need for funds so as to permit the County to meet all projected obligations.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment policy sets specific parameters by type of investment to be met at the time of purchase. As of June 30, 2025, the Commission's investments were all held in the County of Plumas Investment Pool which is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Commission will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investments in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools.

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Commission's investment in a single issuer of securities. When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration presents a heightened risk of potential loss. State law and the investment policy of the County contain limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. All investments of the Commission were in the Plumas County investment pool which contains a diversification of investments.

C. Investments in External Pool

The Plumas County Pooled Investment Fund is a pooled investment fund program governed by the County which monitors and reviews the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with the County investment policy and the California Government Code. The Board of Supervisors review and approve the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the Board of Supervisors every month. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual cost and fair value. Investments in the Plumas County Pooled Investment Fund are regarded as highly liquid as deposits and withdrawals can be made at any time without penalty. The Pool does not impose a maximum investment limit. Required disclosure information regarding categorization of investments and other deposit and investment risk disclosures can be found in the County's financial statements. The County of Plumas' financial statements may be obtained by contacting the County of Plumas Auditor-Controller's office at 520 Main Street, Room 205, Quincy, CA 95971.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2024	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2025
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 16,351	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,351
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	16,351	-	-	16,351
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Furniture and fixtures	(16,351)	-	-	(16,351)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(16,351)	-	-	(16,351)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 4: NET POSITION

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- **Net investment in capital assets** - consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- **Restricted net position** - consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted net position** - all other net position that does not meet the definition of “restricted” or “net investment in capital assets”.

Net Position Flow Assumption

When a government funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, it is considered that restricted resources are used first, followed by unrestricted resources.

NOTE 5: FUND BALANCE

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Commission is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can be made up of the following:

- **Nonspendable fund balance** - amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories and prepaid amounts.
- **Restricted fund balance** - amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- **Committed fund balance** - amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by formal action of the Commission’s highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Commissioners is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Commission that can, by Board action, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.
- **Assigned fund balance** - amounts that are constrained by the Commission’s intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose.

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 5: FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

- **Unassigned fund balance** - the residual classification for the Commission's General fund that includes all amounts not contained in other classifications.

The fund balance for the governmental fund as of June 30, 2025, was distributed as follows:

	<u>General</u>
Committed to:	
FY 2025/26 contracts	\$ 203,470
Subtotal	<u>203,470</u>
Assigned to:	
Funds budgeted for FY 2025/26	<u>426,933</u>
Subtotal	<u>426,933</u>
Total	<u>\$ 630,403</u>

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

When a government funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance), a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available, it is considered that restricted fund balance is depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policy

The Board of Commissioners has adopted a fund balance policy for financial statement reporting. The policy establishes procedures for reporting fund balance classifications, establishes prudent reserve requirements, and establishes a hierarchy of fund balance expenditures.

NOTE 6: PROGRAM EVALUATION

The Commission spent a total of \$26,625 on program evaluation during the audit period.

NOTE 7: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Commission paid the County of Plumas, a related party, \$39,756 for salaries and benefits and overhead. Administrative functions are provided by County staff under a memorandum of understanding signed August 20, 2020. This memorandum includes a provision for workers' compensation, commercial, general and automobile liability insurance covering the Commission.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Commission is covered under the insurance policy of the County of Plumas for workers' compensation, commercial, general and automobile liability and has purchased separate special liability insurance from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9: TAX AND REVENUE CODE

The Commission has certified that the supplant requirement stated in Section 30131.4 of the California Tax and Revenue Code has been met.

NOTE 10: OTHER INFORMATION

A. Commitments and Contingencies

The Commission receives funding from the State of California Proposition 10, the Children and Families Act, to fund programs that promote, support, and improve the early development of children from prenatal through age five. These programs must be in compliance with applicable laws and may be subject to financial and compliance audits by the State. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the State cannot be determined at this time, although the Commission's management does not expect such amounts, if any, to be material.

B. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2025, through September 30, 2025, the date on which the financial statements were available for issuance. Management has determined no subsequent events requiring disclosure have occurred.

**Required Supplementary Information
(Unaudited)**

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FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Proposition 10 apportionment	\$ 82,500	\$ 82,500	\$ 41,386	\$ (41,114)
Proposition 10 administration augmentation	268,256	268,256	269,471	1,215
Proposition 10 IMPACT	70,661	70,661	71,250	589
Proposition 10 CECET	-	-	1,055	1,055
Proposition 10 SMIF	-	-	562	562
Proposition 56	-	-	17,625	17,625
Medi-cal administrative activities	14,000	14,000	14,146	146
Home visit regional technical assistance	92,951	92,951	53,496	(39,455)
Preschool development grant	-	-	1,933	1,933
QCC block grant	20,907	20,907	67,436	46,529
CSSP block grant	-	-	3,167	3,167
Use of money and property	9,975	9,975	25,946	15,971
Other revenues	-	-	3,531	3,531
Total Revenues	559,250	559,250	571,004	11,754
EXPENDITURES				
Current general government:				
Salaries and benefits	149,200	149,200	151,019	(1,819)
Communications	3,000	3,000	220	2,780
Insurance	11,500	11,500	12,392	(892)
Memberships	4,075	4,075	4,075	-
Office expenses	500	500	500	-
Professional services	318,268	354,000	342,502	11,498
Travel	12,000	12,000	1,944	10,056
Outreach	7,500	7,500	8,760	(1,260)
Overhead	14,742	14,742	-	14,742
Total Expenditures	520,785	556,517	521,412	35,105
Net Change in Fund Balances	38,465	2,733	49,592	46,859
Fund Balances - Beginning	580,811	580,811	580,811	-
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 619,276	\$ 583,544	\$ 630,403	\$ 46,859

FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Required Supplementary Information
Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The Commission presents a comparison of annual budget to actual results for the General fund. The amounts reported on the budgetary basis are generally on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The following procedures are performed by the Commission in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) The Executive Director submits to the Board of Commissioners a recommended budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes recommended expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) The Board of Commissioners reviews the recommended budget at regularly scheduled meetings, which are open to the public. The Board also conducts a public hearing on the recommended budget to obtain comments from interested persons.
- (3) Prior to July 1, the budget is adopted through the passage of a resolution.
- (4) From the effective date of the budget, the amounts stated therein, as recommended expenditures become appropriations to the Commission. The Commission may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year.

The Commission does not use encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation.

Supplementary Information

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FIRST 5 PLUMAS COUNTY
Supplementary Information
Schedule of First 5 California (F5CA) Funding
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

<u>Program or Project Title</u>		Beginning Program/ Project Balance (As of July 1)	Revenue	Expenditures	Ending Program/ Project Balance (As of June 30)
Small Population Augmentation	F5CA Funds	\$ -	\$ 269,471	\$ (269,471)	\$ -
Total F5CA Funds		<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 269,471</u>	<u>\$ (269,471)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

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OTHER REPORTS

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Board of Commissioners
First 5 Plumas County
Quincy, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of First 5 Plumas County, California (Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Commission's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

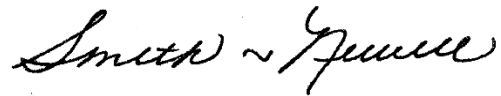
To the Board of Commissioners
First 5 Plumas County
Quincy, California

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Smith & Newell", is written over a horizontal line.

Smith & Newell CPAs
Yuba City, California
September 30, 2025

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE**

To the Board of Commissioners
First 5 Plumas County
Quincy, California

Report on Compliance**Opinion**

We have audited the First 5 Plumas County's (Commission) compliance with the requirements specified in the State of California's Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, issued by the State Controller's Office, applicable to the Commission's statutory requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2025.

In our opinion, First 5 Plumas County compiled, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the California Children and Families Program for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State of California's Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, issued by the State Controller's Office. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the California Children and Families Program.

To the Board of Commissioners
First 5 Plumas County
Quincy, California

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the State of California's Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Commission's compliance with the requirements of the California Children and Families Program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the State of California's Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the Commission's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State of California's Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the Commission's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Audit Guide Procedures</u>	<u>Procedures Performed</u>
Contracting and Procurement	6	Yes
Administrative Costs	3	Yes
Conflict-of-Interest	3	Yes
County Ordinance	4	Yes
Long-range Financial Plans	2	Yes
Financial Condition of the Commission	1	Yes
Program Evaluation	3	Yes
Salaries and Benefit Policies	2	Yes

To the Board of Commissioners
First 5 Plumas County
Quincy, California

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

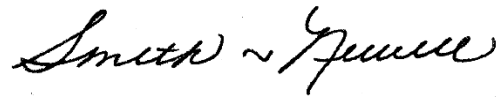
Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to described the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the State of California's Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Smith & Newell CPAs
Yuba City, California
September 30, 2025

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